Disclosure Statement

Bank of Baroda (New Zealand) Limited

Disclosure statement for the three months ended 30 June 2015

Contents

1. Definitions

In this Disclosure Statement, unless the context otherwise requires:

Act means the Reserve Bank of New Zealand Act 1989;

Bank means Bank of Baroda (New Zealand) Limited;

Banking Group means the Bank and its subsidiaries;

Board means the board of directors of the Bank;

BOB means Bank of Baroda;

Director means a director of the Bank;

INR means Indian Rupees;

Parent Guarantee has the meaning given in section 3.1; and

USD means United States Dollars.

Unless otherwise defined in this disclosure statement, terms defined in the Registered Bank Disclosure Statements (New Zealand Incorporated Registered Banks) Order 2014 (as amended) have the same meaning in this document.

2. General information

2.1 Name and address for service of registered bank

(a) The full name of the Bank is Bank of Baroda (New Zealand) Limited and its address for service is:

Bank of Baroda (New Zealand) Limited
114 Dominion Road
PB No. 56580, Post Code 1446
Auckland
New Zealand

(b) The Bank's website address is: *www.barodanzltd.co.nz*

2.2 Details of ultimate parent bank and ultimate holding company

(a) **Ultimate parent bank**

The Bank's ultimate parent bank is Bank of Baroda, an Indian incorporated bank (**BOB**). There has been no change to the ultimate parent bank since 31 March 2015. There have been no changes to the name or address for service of the ultimate parent bank since 31 March 2015.

(b) **Ultimate holding company**

There has been no change to the ultimate holding company since 31 March 2015. There have been no changes to the name or address for service of the ultimate holding company since 31 March 2015.

2.3 A summary of any regulations, legislation or other restrictions of a legally enforceable nature that may materially inhibit the legal ability of BOB to provide material financial support to the Bank

The obligations of the Bank are guaranteed by BOB (see section 3 below for further information on the guarantee arrangements).

There are no legislative, regulatory or other restrictions of a legally enforceable nature in India (BOB's country of incorporation) that may materially inhibit the legal ability of BOB to provide material financial support to the Bank.

2.4 Priority of financial liabilities in the event of liquidation

In the unlikely event that the Bank was put into liquidation or ceases to trade, claims of secured creditors and those creditors set out in the Seventh Schedule of the Companies Act 1993 would rank ahead of the claims of unsecured creditors. Deposits from customers are unsecured and rank equally with other unsecured liabilities of the Bank.

3. Guarantee

3.1 Guarantee arrangements

As at the date of this disclosure statement, the obligations of the Bank are guaranteed by BOB.

A copy of the guarantee of the Bank's indebtedness given by BOB is provided in the Bank's General Disclosure Statement for the year ended 31 March 2015. A copy of the General Disclosure Statement can be obtained from the Bank's website www.barodanzltd.co.nz.

There have been no material changes to the guarantee since the signing of that General Disclosure Statement.

(a) **Details of the guarantor**

The guarantor is BOB. BOB is the Bank's ultimate parent and ultimate holding company. BOB is not a member of the Banking Group.

The address for service of the guarantor is:

Baroda Corporate Centre
C-26, G-Block
Bandra Kurla Complex
Mumbai – 400 051
India

As at 30 June 2015, the publicly disclosed capital of BOB was INR 411,440.70 million (USD 6,464.62 million) representing 12.74% of risk weighted exposure.

BOB has the following credit rating applicable to its long-term senior unsecured obligations (payable in INR):

Rating Agency	Current Rating	Outlook	Qualifications	Rating Change in the Last 2 Years
Moody's Investor Services Limited	**Baa3**	Stable	Nil	YES
Fitch IBCA, Inc.	**BBB-**	Stable	Nil	YES

On 18 June 2012 Fitch IBCA, Inc. changed BOB's credit rating outlook from stable to negative. And on 14 June 2013 it upgraded the outlook from negative to stable. Further, on 3 September 2014, it kept the rating & outlook unchanged. On 30 January 2012 Moody's Investor services Limited changed BOB's credit rating from Baa2 to Baa3.On 13 December 2012 Moody's Investor Services Limited changed BOB's credit rating outlook from stable to negative and on 16 August 2013 it changed the outlook from negative to stable. There have been no other rating changes for BOB within the last two years.

Details of the applicable rating scale can be found at section 8 of this disclosure statement.

(b) **Details of guaranteed obligations**

a. BOB guarantees due payment of all indebtedness of the Bank to the Bank's depositors and other creditors.

(i) There are no limits on the amount of the obligations guaranteed.

(ii) There are no material conditions applicable to the guarantee, other than non-performance by the Bank.

(iii) There are no material legislative or regulatory restrictions in India (BOB's country of incorporation) that would have the effect of subordinating the claims of the Bank's creditors under the Parent Guarantee to other claims on BOB in the event of winding up of BOB.

(iv) The Parent Guarantee does not have an expiry date.

4. Directors

4.1 Communications

The address to which any document or communication may be sent to any Director is:

Bank of Baroda (New Zealand) Limited
114 Dominion Road
PB No. 56580, Post Code 1446
Auckland,
New Zealand

The document or communication should be marked to the attention of the relevant Director.

The following changes in the composition of the Board of Directors of the Bank (the "Board") have been effected since 31 March 2015:

- R.S. Setia resigned from the Board with effect from 30 April 2015.

4.2 Responsible person

The responsible person authorised to sign this disclosure statement on behalf of the Board, comprising:

- Dr Rajen Prasad, Chairman & Independent Director
- Prahlad Das Gupta, Managing Director
- Vailankanni Wenceslaus Melchoir Anthony, Independent Director
- Ranjna Patel, Independent Director
- Claude Sandro Oberto, Independent Director

in accordance with section 82 of the Act is Prahlad Das Gupta.

5. Conditions of registration

The conditions of registration imposed on the Bank which applied on or after 30 March 2014 and were reported in the Bank's Disclosure Statement for the half year ended 30 September 2014 remain unchanged up to 31 October 2014. The Bank has complied with its conditions throughout the period.

The conditions apply on and after 1 November 2014 are as follows:

The registration of Bank of Baroda (New Zealand) Limited ('the bank') as a registered bank is subject to the following conditions:

1. That—

   (a) the Total capital ratio of the banking group is not less than 8%;

   (b) the tier one capital ratio of the banking group is not less than 6%;

   (c) the Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio of the banking group is not less than 4.5%; and

   (d) the Total capital of the banking group is not less than $30 million; and

   (e) the process in Subpart 2H of the Reserve Bank of New Zealand document: "Capital Adequacy Framework (Standardised Approach)" (BS2A) dated July 2014 is followed for the recognition and repayment of capital.

   For the purposes of this condition of registration, capital, the Total capital ratio and the Tier 1 capital ratio, and the Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio must be calculated in accordance with the Reserve Bank of New Zealand document: "Capital Adequacy Framework (Standardised Approach)" (BS2A) dated July 2014.

1A. That—

   (a) the bank has an internal capital adequacy assessment process ("ICAAP") that accords with the requirements set out in the document "Guidelines on a Bank's Internal Capital Adequacy Process ("ICAAP")" (BS12) dated December 2007;

   (b) under its ICAAP, the bank identifies and measures its "other material risks" defined as all material risks of the banking group that are not explicitly captured in the calculation of the Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio, the Tier 1 capital ratio and the Total capital ratio under the requirements set out in the document "Capital Adequacy Framework (Standardised Approach)" (BS2A) dated July 2014; and

   (c) the bank determines an internal capital allocation for each identified and measured "other material risk".

1B. That, if the buffer ratio of the banking group is 2.5% or less, the bank must:

   (a) according to the following table, limit the aggregate distributions of the bank's earnings to the percentage limit to distributions that corresponds to the banking group's buffer ratio;

Banking group's buffer ratio	Percentage limit to distributions of the bank's earnings
0%-0.625%	0%
>0.625-1.25%	20%
>1.25-1.875%	40%
>1.875-2.5%	60%

(b) prepare a capital plan to restore the banking group's buffer ratio to above 2.5% within any timeframe determined by the Reserve Bank for restoring the buffer ratio; and

(c) have the capital plan approved by the Reserve Bank.

For the purposes of this condition of registration,—

"buffer ratio", "distributions", and "earnings" have the same meaning as in Part 3 of the Reserve Bank of New Zealand document: "Capital Adequacy Framework (Standardised Approach)" (BS2A) dated July 2014.

2. That the banking group does not conduct any non-financial activities that in aggregate are material relative to its total activities.

In this condition of registration, the meaning of "material" is based on generally accepted accounting practice.

3. That the banking group's insurance business is not greater than 1% of its total consolidated assets.

For the purposes of this condition of registration, the banking group's insurance business is the sum of the following amounts for entities in the banking group:

(a) if the business of an entity predominantly consists of insurance business and the entity is not a subsidiary of another entity in the banking group whose business predominantly consists of insurance business, the amount of the insurance business to sum is the total consolidated assets of the group headed by the entity; and

(b) if the entity conducts insurance business and its business does not predominantly consist of insurance business and the entity is not a subsidiary of another entity in the banking group whose business predominantly consists of insurance business, the amount of the insurance business to sum is the total liabilities relating to the entity's insurance business plus the equity retained by the entity to meet the solvency or financial soundness needs of its insurance business.

In determining the total amount of the banking group's insurance business—

(a) all amounts must relate to on balance sheet items only, and must comply with generally accepted accounting practice; and

(b) if products or assets of which an insurance business is comprised also contain a non-insurance component, the whole of such products or assets must be considered part of the insurance business.

For the purposes of this condition of registration,—

"insurance business" means the undertaking or assumption of liability as an insurer under a contract of insurance:

"insurer" and "contract of insurance" have the same meaning as provided in sections 6 and 7 of the Insurance (Prudential Supervision) Act 2010.

4. That the aggregate credit exposures (of a non-capital nature and net of any allowances for impairment) of the banking group to all connected persons do not exceed the rating-contingent limit outlined in the following matrix:

Credit rating of the bank[1]	**Connected exposure limit (% of the banking group's Tier 1 capital)**
AA/Aa2 and above	75
AA-/Aa3	70
A+/A1	60
A/A2	40
A-/A3	30
BBB+/Baa1 and below	15

Within the rating-contingent limit, credit exposures (of a non-capital nature and net of any allowances for impairment) to non-bank connected persons shall not exceed 15 percent of the banking group's Tier 1 capital.

For the purposes of this condition of registration, compliance with the rating-contingent connected exposure limit is determined in accordance with the Reserve Bank of New Zealand document entitled "Connected Exposures Policy" (BS8) dated October 2014.

5. That exposures to connected persons are not on more favourable terms (e.g. as relates to such matters as credit assessment, tenor, interest rates, amortisation schedules and requirement for collateral) than corresponding exposures to non-connected persons.

6. That the bank complies with the following corporate governance requirements:

(a) the board of the bank must have at least five directors,

(b) the majority of the board members must be non-executive directors;

(c) at least half of the board members must be independent directors;

(d) an alternate director,—

(i) for a non-executive director must be non-executive; and

(ii) for an independent director must be independent;

(e) at least half of the independent directors of the bank must be ordinarily resident in New Zealand;

(f) the chairperson of the board of the bank must be independent; and

(g) the bank's constitution must not include any provision permitting a director, when exercising powers or performing duties as a director, to act other than in what he or she believes is the best interests of the company (i.e. the bank).

For the purposes of this condition of registration, "non-executive" and "independent" have the same meaning as in the Reserve Bank of New Zealand document entitled "Corporate Governance" (BS14) dated July 2014.

. That no appointment of any director, chief executive officer, or executive who reports or is accountable directly to the chief executive officer, is made in respect of the bank unless:

[1] This table uses the rating scales of Standard & Poor's, Fitch Ratings and Moody's Investors Service. (Fitch Ratings' scale is identical to Standard & Poor's.)

(a) the Reserve Bank has been supplied with a copy of the curriculum vitae of the proposed appointee; and

(b) the Reserve Bank has advised that it has no objection to that appointment.

8. That a person must not be appointed as chairperson of the board of the bank unless:

(a) the Reserve Bank has been supplied with a copy of the curriculum vitae of the proposed appointee; and

(b) the Reserve Bank has advised that it has no objection to that appointment.

9. That the bank has a board audit committee, or other separate board committee covering audit matters, that meets the following requirements:

(a) the mandate of the committee must include: ensuring the integrity of the bank's financial controls, reporting systems and internal audit standards;

(b) the committee must have at least three members;

(c) every member of the committee must be a non-executive director of the bank;

(d) the majority of the members of the committee must be independent; and

(e) the chairperson of the committee must be independent and must not be the chairperson of the bank.

For the purposes of this condition of registration, "non-executive" and "independent" have the same meaning as in the Reserve Bank of New Zealand document entitled "Corporate Governance" (BS14) dated July 2014.

10. That a substantial proportion of the bank's business is conducted in and from New Zealand.

11. That the banking group complies with the following quantitative requirements for liquidity-risk management:

(a) the one-week mismatch ratio of the banking group is not less than zero per cent at the end of each business day;

(b) the one-month mismatch ratio of the banking group is not less than zero per cent at the end of each business day; and

(c) the one-year core funding ratio of the banking group is not less than 75 per cent at the end of each business day.

For the purposes of this condition of registration, the ratios identified must be calculated in accordance with the Reserve Bank of New Zealand documents entitled "Liquidity Policy" (BS13) dated July 2014 and "Liquidity Policy Annex: Liquid Assets" (BS13A) dated December 2011.

12. That the bank has an internal framework for liquidity risk management that is adequate in the bank's view for managing the bank's liquidity risk at a prudent level, and that, in particular:

(a) is clearly documented and communicated to all those in the organisation with responsibility for managing liquidity and liquidity risk;

(b) identifies responsibility for approval, oversight and implementation of the framework and policies for liquidity risk management;

(c) identifies the principal methods that the bank will use for measuring, monitoring and controlling liquidity risk; and

(d) considers the material sources of stress that the bank might face, and prepares the bank to manage stress through a contingency funding plan.

13. That no more than 10% of total assets may be beneficially owned by a SPV.

For the purposes of this condition,—

"total assets" means all assets of the banking group plus any assets held by any SPV that are not included in the banking group's assets:

"SPV" means a person—

(a) to whom any member of the banking group has sold, assigned, or otherwise transferred any asset;

(b) who has granted, or may grant, a security interest in its assets for the benefit of any holder of any covered bond; and

(c) who carries on no other business except for that necessary or incidental to guarantee the obligations of any member of the banking group under a covered bond:

"covered bond" means a debt security issued by any member of the banking group, for which repayment to holders is guaranteed by a SPV, and investors retain an unsecured claim on the issuer.

14. That-

(a) no member of the banking group may give effect to a qualifying acquisition or business combination that meets the notification threshold, and does not meet the non-objection threshold, unless:

(i) the bank has notified the Reserve Bank in writing of the intended acquisition or business combination and at least 10 working days have passed; and

(ii) at the time of notifying the Reserve Bank of the intended acquisition or business combination, the bank provided the Reserve Bank with the information required under the Reserve Bank of New Zealand Banking Supervision Handbook document "Significant Acquisitions Policy" (BS15) dated December 2011; and

(b) no member of the banking group may give effect to a qualifying acquisition or business combination that meets the non-objection threshold unless:

(i) the bank has notified the Reserve Bank in writing of the intended acquisition or business combination;

(ii) at the time of notifying the Reserve Bank of the intended acquisition or business combination, the bank provided the Reserve Bank with the information required under the Reserve Bank of New Zealand Banking Supervision Handbook document "Significant Acquisitions Policy" (BS15) dated December 2011; and

(iii) the Reserve Bank has given the bank a notice of non-objection to the significant acquisition or business combination.

For the purposes of this condition of registration, "qualifying acquisition or business combination", "notification threshold" and "non-objection threshold" have the same meaning as in the Reserve Bank of New Zealand Banking Supervision Handbook document "Significant Acquisitions Policy" (BS15) dated December 2011.

15. That for a loan-to-valuation measurement period, the total of the bank's qualifying new mortgage lending amounts must not for residential properties with a loan-to-valuation ratio of more than 80% exceed 10% of the total of the qualifying new mortgage lending amounts arising in the loan-to-valuation measurement period.

16. That the bank must not make a residential mortgage loan unless the terms and conditions of the loan contract or the terms and conditions for an associated mortgage require that a borrower obtain the bank's agreement before the borrower can grant to another person a charge over the residential property used as security for the loan.

17. That the bank must not permit a borrower to grant a charge in favour of another person over a residential property used as security for a residential mortgage loan unless the sum of the lending secured by the charge and the loan value for the residential mortgage loan would not exceed 80% of the property value of the residential property when the lending secured by the charge is drawn down.

18. That the bank must not provide a residential mortgage loan if the residential property to be mortgaged to the bank as security for the residential mortgage loan is subject to a charge in favour of another person unless the total amount of credit secured by the residential property would not exceed 80% of the property value when the residential mortgage loan is drawn down.

19. That the bank must not act as broker or arrange for a member of its banking group to provide a residential mortgage loan.

In these conditions of registration,—

"banking group" ---

means Bank of Baroda (New Zealand) Limited (as reporting entity) and all other entities included in the group as defined in section 6(1) of the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013 for the purposes of Part 7 of that Act.

"generally accepted accounting practice"—

has the same meaning as in section 8 of the Financial Reporting Act 2013.

In conditions of registration 15 to 19, ---

"loan-to-valuation ratio", "loan value", "property value", "qualifying new mortgage lending amount" and residential mortgage loan" have the same meaning as in the Reserve Bank of New Zealand document entitled "Framework for Restrictions on High-LVR Residential Mortgage Lending" (BS19) dated October 2014:

"loan-to-valuation measurement period" means a period of six calendar months ending on the last day of the sixth calendar month, the first of which ends on the last day of March 2014.

6. Pending proceedings or arbitration

As at the date of this disclosure statement, there are no pending proceedings or arbitration concerning the Bank, whether in New Zealand or elsewhere, that may have a material adverse effect on the Bank.

7. Credit rating

7.1 Rating information

The credit rating of the Bank is as follows:

Rating Agency	Current Rating	Outlook	Qualifications	Rating Change in the Last 2 Years
Moody's Investor Services Limited	**Baa3**	Stable	Nil	YES
Fitch IBCA, Inc.	**BBB-**	Stable	Nil	YES

On 18 June 2012 Fitch IBCA, Inc. changed BOB's credit rating outlook from stable to negative. And on 14 June 2013 it upgraded the outlook from negative to stable. Further, on 3 September 2014, it kept the rating & outlook unchanged. On 30 January 2012 Moody's Investor services Limited changed BOB's credit rating from Baa2 to Baa3.On 13 December 2012 Moody's Investor Services Limited changed BOB's credit rating outlook from stable to negative and on 16 August 2013 it changed the outlook from negative to stable. There have been no other rating changes for BOB within the last two years.

7.2 Applicable ratings scales

Long Term Debt Ratings	Moody's	S&P	FITCH
Highest quality/Extremely strong capacity to pay interest and principal High quality/Very strong Upper medium grade/Strong	Aaa Aa A	AAA AA A	AAA AA A
Medium grade (lowest investment grade)/Adequate Predominately speculative/Less near term vulnerability to default Speculative, low grade/Greater vulnerability	Baa Ba B	BBB BB B	BBB BB B
Poor to default/identifiable vulnerability Highest speculations Lowest quality, no interest	Caa Ca C	CCC CC C	CCC CC C
Payment in default, in arrears – questionable value		D	D

Moody's applies numeric modifiers to each generic rating category from Aa to B, indicating that the counterparty is (1) in the higher end of its letter rating category, (2) in mid-range, (3) in lower end.

Fitch and S&P apply plus (+) or minus (-) signs to ratings from 'AA to 'CCC' to indicate relative standing within the major rating categories.

8. Other material matters

There are no other matters relating to the business or affairs of the Bank, other than those contained in this disclosure statement that, if disclosed, would materially affect the decision of a person to subscribe for debt securities of which the Bank is the issuer.

9. Directors' statements

Each Director of the Bank, after due inquiry, believes as at the date of signing that this disclosure statement:

a. contains all the information that is required by the Order; and

b. is not false or misleading.

Each Director of the Bank, after due enquiry believes that for the three months ended 30 June 2015:

a. the Bank has complied with all conditions of registration imposed by the Reserve Bank of New Zealand under section 74 of the Reserve Bank Act 1989;

b. credit exposures to connected persons were not contrary to interests of the Banking Group; and

c. the Bank has systems in place to monitor and control adequately the Banking Group's material risks, including credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, currency risk, equity risk, liquidity risk, operational risk and other business risks, and that those systems were being properly applied.

For and on behalf of all of the Directors of the Bank (by Directors' Resolution), this disclosure statement is dated at Auckland, New Zealand this 18 August 2015 and signed by Prahlad Das Gupta as responsible person.

Prahlad Das Gupta
Managing Director
Bank of Baroda (New Zealand) Limited

Dr Rajen Prasad
Chairman and Director
Bank of Baroda (New Zealand) Limited

CLAUDE OBERTO

Wenceslaus Anthony

10. Financial statements

The financial statements of the Bank for the three months ended 30 June 2015 are attached as Appendix and form part of this disclosure statement.

Appendix: Financial Statements

Bank of Baroda (New Zealand) Limited

Company Number 2135104

Financial Statements for the three months ended 30 June 2015

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For the three months ended 30 June 2015	Notes	Unaudited Three months ended 30 June 2015 $'000	Unaudited Three months ended 30 June 2014 $'000	Audited Year ended 31 March 2015 $'000
Interest income		959	770	3,310
Interest expense		(236)	(151)	(727)
Net interest income		723	619	2,353
Gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		-	-	-
Other income	2	367	370	1,333
Total operating income		**1,090**	**989**	**3,916**
Operating expenses		(668)	(708)	(3,172)
Impairment losses on loans and advances	3	(15)	(38)	(49)
Net profit before taxation		407	**243**	**695**
Taxation (expense)/benefit		-	-	131
Net profit after taxation		407	**243**	**826**
Other comprehensive income		-	-	-
Total comprehensive income		**407**	**243**	**826**

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the three months ended 30 June 2015	**Share Capital $'000**	**Retained Earnings $'000**	**Total $'000**
Balance at 1 April 2015	40,000	3,743	43,743
Net profit after taxation and total comprehensive income	-	407	407
Balance at 30 June 2015	40,000	4,150	44,150
Balance at 1 April 2014	40,000	2,917	42,917
Net profit after taxation and total comprehensive income	-	826	826
Balance as at 31 March 2015	40,000	3,743	43,743
Balance at 1 April 2014	40,000	2,917	42,917
Net profit after taxation and total comprehensive income	-	243	243
Balance at 30 June 2014	40,000	3,160	43,160

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

BANK OF BARODA (NEW ZEALAND) LIMITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the three months ended 30 June 2015

BALANCE SHEET As at 30 June 2015	Notes	Unaudited 30 June 2015 $'000	Unaudited 30 June 2014 $'000	Audited 31 March 2015 $'000
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents		5,259	5,536	5,159
Balances due from related parties		3,229	2,828	3,400
Due from other financial institutions		17,500	12,600	17,800
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		-	-	-
Available-for-sale assets		-	-	-
Other assets		280	353	346
Loans and advances	3	53,623	46,660	49,081
Property, plant and equipment		566	723	598
Intangible assets		-	-	-
Current taxation		-	-	-
Deferred tax asset		947	816	947
Total assets		**81,404**	**69,516**	**77,331**
Liabilities				
Due to other financial institutions		-	-	-
Balances due to related parties		319	435	980
Deposits and other borrowings		36,763	25,712	32,402
Financial liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss		-	-	-
Debt securities issued		-	-	-
Current taxation		-	-	-
Other liabilities		172	209	206
Term subordinated debt		-	-	-
Total liabilities		**37,254**	**26,356**	**33,588**
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital		40,000	40,000	40,000
Reserves		4,150	3,160	3,743
Total shareholders' equity		**44,150**	**43,160**	**43,743**
Total shareholders' equity and liabilities		**81,404**	**69,516**	**77,331**

Total interest earning and discount bearing assets	79,844	62,027	74,135
Total interest and discount bearing liabilities	33,972	23.656	28,744

For and on behalf of the Board

Bank of Baroda (New Zealand) Ltd

Managing Director

Director

Authorised for issue on 18 August 2015

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements

CLAUDE OBERTO

Wenceslaus Anthony

CASH FLOW STATEMENT **For the three months ended 30 June 2015**	**Unaudited Three months ended 30 June 2015 $'000**	**Unaudited Three months ended 30 June 2014 $'000**	**Audited Year ended 31 March 2015 $'000**
Cash flows from operating activities			
Interest received	1,032	807	3,352
Fees and other income	367	370	1,333
Operating expenses paid	(644)	(623)	(2,966)
Interest paid	(240)	(146)	(721)
Taxes paid	-	-	-
Net cash flows from operating activities before changes in operating assets and liabilities	515	408	998
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
(Increase)/decrease in financial assets held for trading		-	-
Decrease/(increase) in available-for-sale-assets		-	-
Increase in loans and advances	(4,585)	(3,588)	(6,034)
Decrease/(increase) in balances due from other financial institutions	300	424	(500)
Increase in deposits and other borrowings	3,700	4,700	7,114
(Decrease)/increase in balances due to related parties	-	(902)	(357)
Increase in balances due to financial institutions	-	-	-
(Increase) in other assets	(1)	(50)	(34)
Increase/(decrease) in other liabilities and provisions	-	-	-
Decrease/(increase) in balances due from related parties	171	(110)	(682)
Net cash flows from operating activities	(415)	882	505
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	-	(3)	(3)
Purchase of intangible software assets			-
Purchase of customer relationships			-
Net cash flows from investing activities	-	(3)	(3)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Issue of shares	-	-	-
Capital injection from shareholders	-	-	-
Proceeds from term subordinated debt	-	-	-
Proceeds from related parties	-	-	-
Increase in debt securities issued	-	-	-
Dividends paid	-	-	-
Net cash flows from financing activities	-	-	-
(Decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	100	879	502
Add opening cash and cash equivalents	5,159	4,657	4,657
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		-	-
Closing cash and cash equivalents	5,259	5,536	5,159

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

CASH FLOW STATEMENT **For the three months ended 30 June 2015**	**Unaudited** **Three months ended** **30 June 2015** **$'000**	**Unaudited** **Three months ended** **30 June 2014** **$'000**	**Audited** **Year ended** **31 March 2015** **$'000**
Reconciliation of net profit after taxation to net cash-flows from operating activities			
Net profit/(loss) after taxation	407	243	826
Non cash movements:			
Unrealised fair value adjustments	-	-	-
Depreciation	32	42	167
Amortisation of intangibles	-	-	-
Increase in collective allowance for impairment losses	15	14	27
Increase in individual allowance for impairment losses	-	24	22
(Increase)/decrease in deferred expenditure		-	-
Unsecured lending losses	-	-	-
Unrealised foreign exchange loss/(gain)	-	-	-
(Increase)/decrease in deferred taxation	-	-	(131)
Net movement in operating assets and liabilities	47	80	85
(Increase)/decrease in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss			-
Decrease/(increase) in available-for-sale assets			-
Increase in loans and advances	(4,585)	(3,588)	(6,034)
Decrease/(increase) in balances due from other financial institutions	300	424	(500)
Increase in deposits and other borrowings	3,700	4,700	-
Increase in balances due to other financial institutions	-	-	7,114
(Decrease)/increase in other liabilities		48	-
Decrease/(increase) in interest receivable	61	37	42
Increase/(decrease) in balances due to related parties	-	(902)	(357)
Increase/(decrease) in current taxation	-	-	-
Increase in other assets	(1)	(50)	(34)
Increase / (decrease) in other liabilities and provisions	-	-	45
Decrease/(increase) in balances due from related parties	171	(110)	(682)
Net cash flows from operating activities	354	882	505

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

1. STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Statutory base
These financial statements have been prepared and presented in accordance with the Order and the Reserve Bank Act.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Practice in New Zealand ("NZ GAAP"), as appropriate for profit-oriented entities, and the New Zealand equivalent to International Accounting Standard ("NZ IAS") 34 *Interim Financial Reporting* and should be read in conjunction with the Disclosure Statement for the year ended 31 March 2015.

These financial statements comply with International Accounting Standard 34 *Interim Financial Reporting* as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 18 August 2015. The Board has the power to amend the financial statements after they are authorised for issue.

Basis of preparation
These financial statements are based on the general principles of historical cost accounting, as modified by fair value accounting for available-for-sale financial assets, financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and all derivative contracts. The going concern concept and the accruals basis of accounting have been adopted. All amounts are expressed in thousands of New Zealand dollars unless otherwise stated.

The same accounting policies and methods of computation have been followed in preparing these financial statements as were used in preparing the Disclosure Statement for the year ended 31 March 2015.

Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with NZ IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Bank's accounting policies.

Estimates, judgements and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected. There have been no material estimates or judgements in the preparation of these financial statements. The information about estimates and assumptions in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the Disclosure Statement are impairment allowance and deferred tax.

2. OTHER INCOME

Other Income	Unaudited Three months ended 30 June 2015 $'000	Unaudited Three months ended 30 June 2014 $'000	Audited Year ended 31 March 2015 $'000
Banking and lending fee income	10	10	125
Net commissions revenue	29	18	82
Payment services fee income		-	-
Bad debts recovered		-	-
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment		-	-
Net foreign exchange gains	297	310	1,126
Other revenue	31	32	-
Total other income	367	370	1,333

3. LOANS AND ADVANCES

	Unaudited 30 June 2015 $'000	Unaudited 30 June 2014 $'000	Audited 31 March 2015 $'000
Loans and advances	53,950	46,961	49,393
Allowance for impairment losses	(327)	(301)	(312)
Total net loans and receivables	53,623	46,660	49,081

Allowance for impairment losses reconciliation			
Balance at beginning of the year	312	263	263
Charged to the income statement	15	38	49
Balance at end of the year	327	301	312

4. ASSET QUALITY

As at 30 June 2015 Unaudited	**Residential mortgage loans**	**Corporate exposures**	**Other exposures excluding sovereigns and central banks**	**TOTAL $'000**
Neither past due nor impaired	38,669	344	14,826	53,839
Past due but not impaired	-	-	-	-
Impaired	-	103	8	111
Gross loans and advances	**38,669**	**447**	**14,834**	**53,950**
Less Allowance for impairment	-	(103)	(8)	(111)
Net loans and advances	**38,669**	**344**	**14,826**	**53,839**

Past due assets	**Residential mortgage loans**	**Corporate exposures**	**Other exposures excluding sovereigns and central banks**	**TOTAL $'000**
Gross amount of finance receivables that were past due but not impaired were as follows:				
Business				
Past due up to 30 days	20	-	15	35
Past due 30 – 60 days	-	-	9	9
Past due 60 – 90 days	-	-	-	-
Past due 90+ days	-	-	-	-
Total	**20**	**-**	**24**	**44**

Individually impaired assets	**Residential mortgage loans**	**Corporate exposures**	**Other exposures excluding sovereigns and central banks**	**TOTAL $'000**
Gross Impaired				
Balance at beginning of the year	-	-	-	-
Net additions	-	103	8	111
Deletions	-	-	-	-
Amounts written off	-	-	-	-
Balance at end of the period	**-**	**103**	**8**	**111**
Aggregate individual credit impairment allowances	**-**	**(103)**	**(8)**	**(111)**

Individual credit impairment allowances	**Residential mortgage loans**	**Corporate exposures**	**Other exposures excluding sovereigns and central banks**	**TOTAL $'000**
Balance at beginning of the year	-	103	8	111
Charged to the statement of comprehensive income	-	-	-	-
Amounts written off	-	-	-	-
Recoveries of amounts previously written off	-	-	-	-
Reversals of previous amounts	-	-	-	-
Total amounts per statement of comprehensive income	-	103	8	111
Balance at end of the period	**-**	**103**	**8**	**111**

Collective credit impairment allowance	**Residential mortgage loans**	**Corporate exposures**	**Other exposures excluding sovereigns and central banks**	**TOTAL $'000**
Balance at beginning of the year	133	50	18	201
Charged to statement of comprehensive income	10	4	1	15
Amounts written off	-	-	-	-
Recoveries of amounts previously written off	-	-	-	-
Reversals of previous amounts	-	-	-	-
Total amounts per statement of comprehensive income	**143**	**54**	**19**	**216**
Balance at end of the period	**143**	**54**	**19**	**216**

The Bank does not have any restructured assets, any financial, real estate or other assets acquired through security enforcement or any other assets under administration. There has been no interest revenue foregone on restructured, individually impaired or greater than 90 days past due assets during the period to 30 June 2015.

5. CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

The following table breaks down the Bank's main credit exposure at their carrying amounts, as categorised by the industry sectors of our counterparties. Industry analysis as at balance date is as follows:

	Unaudited 30 June 2015 $'000
New Zealand	
Government	-
Finance	23,289
Households	38,669
Transport and storage	-
Communications	-
Electricity, gas and water	-
Construction	4
Property services	2,414
Agriculture	-
Health and community services	4,389
Personal and other services	3,155
Retail and wholesale trade	4,920
Food & other manufacturing	399
Overseas	
Finance, Investment and insurance	2,932
Less: allowance for impairment losses	(327)
Total financial assets (interest earning)	**79,844**
Other financial assets	994
Total net financial assets	**80,838**

An analysis of financial assets by geographical sector at balance date is as follows:

	Unaudited 30 June 2014 $'000
New Zealand	
Upper North Island	65,802
Lower North Island	11,815
South Island	-
Overseas	
USA	284
Singapore	-
India	(56)
UK	32
Belgium	-
Fiji	11
Australia	18
Kenya	2,932
Uganda	-
Total financial assets	**80,838**

Maximum exposure to credit risk before collateral held or other credit enhancements

	Unaudited 30 June 2015 $'000
Loans and advances	53,950
Balances with related parties	3,229
Due from other financial institutions	17,500
Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	-
Derivative financial instruments	-
Financial assets held for trading	-
Available-for-sale assets	-
Cash and cash equivalents	5,259
Other financial assets	1,227
Total gross financial assets	**81,165**
Allowance for impairment losses	(327)
Total net financial assets	**80,838**

6. CONCENTRATION OF FUNDING

Concentrations of funding arise where the Bank is funded by industries of a similar nature or in particular geographies. An analysis of financial liabilities by industry sector and geography at balance date is as follows:

	Unaudited 30 June 2015 $'000
New Zealand	
Transport and storage	-
Financing, investment and insurance	-
Electricity, gas and water	-
Food & other manufacturing	-
Construction	-
Government, local authorities and services	-
Agriculture	-
Health and community services	-
Personal and other services	-
Property and business services	-
Education	-
Retail and wholesale trade	-
Other	3,114
Households	30,539
Overseas	
Amounts due to related parties	319
Total financial liabilities (interest bearing)	**33,972**
Other financial liabilities	3,282
Total financial liabilities	**37,254**

7. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION

The Bank operates as a single segment in the banking and finance industry in New Zealand.

8. LEASE COMMITMENTS

	Unaudited 30 June 2015 Three months ended $'000	Unaudited 30 June 2014 Three months ended $'000	Audited 31 March 2015 Year ended $'000
Operating lease commitments under non-cancellable operating leases:			
Not later than 1 year	392	425	421
1-2 years	327	325	351
2-5 years	629	774	701
5+ years	60	271	85
Total	**1,408**	**1,795**	**1,558**

9. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

As at 30 June 2015 there are no material outstanding capital commitments (30 June 2014: Nil, 31 March 2015: Nil).

10. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Contingent Liabilities	Unaudited 30 June 2015 Three months ended $'000	Unaudited 30 June 2014 Three months ended $'000	Audited 31 March 2015 Year ended $'000
Performance/financial guarantees issued on behalf of customers	950	950	950
Documentary Credit (L.C)	-	-	-
Total Contingent Liabilities	**950**	**950**	**950**
Undrawn Commitments	**6,675**	**5,673**	**4,592**

11. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS AFTER BALANCE DATE

There were no subsequent events after balance date.

12. LIQUIDITY RISK

The Bank's policies for managing liquidity are set out in General Disclosure Statement for the year ended 31 March 2015. The tables below summarises the cash flows payable or receivable by the Bank under non-derivative financial liabilities by remaining contractual maturities at the balance sheet date. The amounts disclosed in the table are contractual undiscounted cash flows.

30 June 2015 Unaudited	On Demand $'000	Up to 3 months $'000	3 to 12 Months $'000	Between 1 & 5 years $'000	More than 5 years $'000	Total $'000
Financial assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	5,259	-	-	-	-	5,259
Due from other financial institutions	-	8,731	4,164	-	-	12,895
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	-	-	-	-
Available-for-sale assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loans and advances	-	6,510	32,132	26,354	58,330	123,326
Due from related parties	802	2,434	-	-	-	3,236
Other financial assets	-	67	-	-	-	67
Total financial assets	6,061	17,742	36,296	26,354	58,330	144,783
Financial liabilities						
Due to other financial institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deposits and other borrowings	1,782	16,879	6,038	1,423	-	26,122
Financial liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt securities issued	-	-	-	-	-	-
Term subordinated debt	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due to related parties	435	-	-	-	-	435
Other financial liabilities	-	209	-	-	-	209
Total financial liabilities	2,217	17,088	6,038	1,423	-	26,766
Net non derivative cash flows	3,844	654	30,258	24,931	58,330	118,017
Derivative cash flows						
Interest rate derivatives	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign exchange derivatives	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-
Off balance sheet cash flows						
Performance/financial guarantees	-	-	950	-	-	950
Documentary credit (L.C)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Undrawn commitments	-	6,675	-	-	-	6,675
Total	-	6,675	950	-	-	7,625
Net cash flows	3,844	7,329	31,208	24,931	58,330	125,642

The bank holds following liquid assets for the purpose of managing Liquidity Risk.

	30 June 2015 $'000	30 June 2014 $'000	31 March 2015 $'000
Cash and bank balances	5,259	5,536	5,159
Short term deposits	17,500	12,600	17,800
Deposit/cash held with related parties	3,229	2,828	3,400
Total Liquid assets	25,988	20,964	26,359

13. INTEREST RATE SENSITIVITY

The table below summarises the Bank's exposure to interest rate risk. It includes the financial instruments at carrying amounts, categorised by the earlier of contractual re-pricing or maturity dates.

30 June 2015 Unaudited	Total $'000	Interest insensitiv e $'000	Up to 3 months $'000	Betwee n 3 months & 6 months $'000	Between 6 months & 1 year $'000	Betwee n 1 & 2 years $'000	Between 2 & 5 years $'000	Over 5 years $'000
Financial assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	5,259	5,259	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due from other financial institutions	17,500	-	14,500	3,000	-	-	-	-
Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Available-for-sale assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loans and advances	53,638	-	41,554	617	9,931	1,536	-	-
Balances with related parties	3,229	297	2,932	-	-	-	-	-
Other financial assets	354	354	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total financial assets	**79,980**	**5,910**	**58,986**	**3,617**	**9,931**	**1,536**	**-**	**-**
Financial liabilities								
Due to other financial institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deposits and other borrowings	36,763	2,541	22,932	4,257	3,981	763	2,289	-
Financial liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt securities issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Term subordinated debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due to related parties	319	319	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	261	261	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total financial liabilities	**37,343**	**3,121**	**22,932**	**4,257**	**3,981**	**763**	**2,289**	**-**
On-balance sheet gap								
Net derivative notional principals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net effective interest rate gap	42,637	2,789	36,054	(640)	5,950	773	(2,289)	-

14. CREDIT EXPOSURE CONCENTRATIONS

Credit exposure concentrations are disclosed on the basis of actual exposures and gross of set-offs. Peak end-of-day aggregate credit exposures have been calculated using the Bank's tier one capital at the end of the quarter.

The number of individual counterparties, excluding connected persons, where the period end and peak end-of-day aggregate actual credit exposures, net of individual credit impairment allowances (which were nil), equalled or exceeded 10% of the Bank's shareholder's equity:

- as at 30 June 2015 was nil, and
- in respect of peak end-of-day aggregate credit exposure for the three months ended 30 June 2015 was nil.

Credit exposures to individual counterparties (not being members of a group of closely related counterparties) and to groups of closely related counterparties exclude exposures to connected persons, to the central government of any country with a long-term credit rating of A- or A3 or above, or its equivalent, or to any bank with a long-term credit rating of A- or A3 or above, or its equivalent. These calculations relate only to exposures held in the financial records of the Bank and were calculated net of individually assessed provisions.

15. FIDUCIARY ACTIVITIES

As at balance date the Bank is not involved in:

- The establishment, marketing, or sponsorship of trust, custodial, funds management and other fiduciary activities; or
- The origination of securitised assets; or
- The marketing or servicing of securitisation schemes; or
- The marketing and distribution of insurance products or conducting of insurance business.

16. RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES

There have been no material changes to the risk management policies and no new categories of risk to which the Bank has become exposed since 31 March 2015.

17. CAPITAL ADEQUACY

Capital

The Bank has 40,000,000 fully paid up ordinary shares (tier one capital) issued at NZ $1.00 per share.

BOB is the sole shareholder. Each share confers on the holder the right to:

- one vote on a poll at a meeting of the shareholders on any resolution to:
    - appoint or remove a Director or auditor; or
    - alter the Bank's constitution; or
    - approve a major transaction; or
    - approve an amalgamation under section 221 of the Companies Act 1993; or
    - put the Bank into liquidation;
- a proportionate share in dividends authorised by the Board; and
- a proportionate share in the distribution of the surplus assets of the Bank.

Other classes of capital instrument

The Bank does not have any other classes of capital instrument in its capital structure.

Regulatory capital adequacy ratios are calculated by expressing capital as a percentage of risk weighted exposures. As a condition of registration, the Bank must comply with the following minimum capital requirements set by the RBNZ:

- Total regulatory capital must not be less than 8% of risk weighted exposures.
- Tier One capital must not be less than 6% of risk weighted exposures.
- The Common Equity Tier one capital must not be less than 4.5% of risk weighted exposures.
- Capital must not be less than NZ$30 million

17. CAPITAL ADEQUACY (Continued)

The capital adequacy tables set out below summarise the composition of regulatory capital and capital adequacy ratios for the three months ended 30 June 2015. The Bank was registered on 1 September 2009 and from the date of registration to 30 June 2015, the Bank has complied with both regulatory and internal capital adequacy requirements.

The Bank has considered other material risks not included below and whether to allocate any capital to cover these risks and concluded that these risks are not significant and have therefore not allocated any capital to cover them.

	Unaudited 31 June 2015 $'000
Tier one capital	
Common Equity Tier one capital	
Issued and fully paid up share capital	40,000
Retained earnings	4,150
Accumulated other comprehensive income and other disclosed reserves	-
Interest from issue of ordinary shares	-
Less:	
Regulatory adjustments	-
Deferred tax assets	(947)
Total common equity tier one capital	43,203
Additional Tier one capital	
High-quality capital	-
Instruments issued	-
Share premium from issue of instruments	-
Associated retained earnings	-
Less: Regulatory adjustments	-
Total additional tier one capital	-
Total tier one capital	43,203
Tier two capital	-
Instruments issued by bank	
Share premium from issue of instruments	-
Revaluation reserves	-
Foreign currency translation reserves	-
Less: Regulatory adjustments	
Total tier two capital	-
Total capital	43,203

Credit risk

Unaudited 30 June 2015 **Calculation of on-balance-sheet exposures**	Total exposure after credit risk mitigation $'000	Risk weight	Risk weighted exposure $'000	Minimum Pillar 1 capital requirement $'000
Cash and gold bullion	205	0%	-	-
Sovereigns and central banks	-	0%	-	-
Multilateral development banks and other international organisation	-	0%	-	-
Public sector entities	-	20%	-	-
Banks	22,553	20%	4,511	361
Banks	3,229	50%	1,615	129
Corporate	447	100%	447	36
Residential mortgages not past due –LVR up to 80%	29,016	35%	10,156	812
Residential mortgages not past due –LVR >80% but up to 90%	9,653	50%	4,827	386
Past due residential mortgages	-	100%	-	-
Other past due assets	-	100%	-	-
Equity holdings (not deducted from capital) that are publicly traded	-	100%	-	-
All other equity holdings (not deducted from capital)	-	100%	-	-
Non Risk Weighted Assets	-	0%	-	-
Other assets	9,291	100%	9,291	743
Total on balance sheet exposures after credit risk mitigation	74,394		30,847	2,467

17. CAPITAL ADEQUACY (Continued)

Unaudited 30 June 2015 Calculation of off-balance sheet exposures	Total exposure $'000	Credit conversion factor	Credit equivalent amount $'000	Average risk weight	Risk weighted exposure $'000	Minimum Pillar 1 capital requirement $'000
Direct credit substitute	-	-	-	-	-	-
Asset sale with recourse	-	-	-	-	-	-
Forward asset purchase	-	-	-	-	-	-
Commitment with certain drawdown	-	-	-	-	-	-
Undrawn commitments on existing facilities	6,675	20%	1,335	100%	1,335	107
Note issuance facility	-	-	-	-	-	-
Revolving underwriting facility						
Performance-related contingency	950	50%	475	100%	475	38
Trade-related contingency	-	-	-	-	-	-
Placements of forward deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other commitments where original maturity is more than one year	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other commitments where original maturity is less than or equal to one year	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other commitments that cancel automatically when the creditworthiness of the counterparty deteriorates or that can be cancelled unconditionally at any time without prior notice	-	-	-	-	-	-
Market related contracts						
(a) Foreign exchange contracts	-	-	-	-	-	-
(b) Interest rate contracts	-	-	-	-	-	-
(c) Other – OTC, etc	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total off-balance sheet exposures	7,625	-	1,810	-	1,810	145

Residential mortgages by loan-to-valuation ratio

Unaudited 30 June 2015 Loan -to-value ratio	Does not exceed 80%	Exceeds 80% and not 90%	Exceeds 90%	Total
On-balance sheet exposures	29,016	9,653	-	38,669
Off-balance sheet exposures		950	-	950
Total loan-to-value ratio	29,016	10,603	-	39,619

Reconciliation of residential mortgage-related amounts

	Unaudited 30 June 2015 $'000
Residential mortgage loans (as disclosed in Note 4)	38,669
Residential mortgages by loan-to-value ratio	38,669

Credit risk mitigation

Exposure class	Total value of on-and-off-balance sheet exposures covered by eligible collateral (after haircutting) $'000	Total value of on-and-off-balance sheet exposures covered by guarantees or credit derivatives $'000
Sovereign or central bank	-	-
Multilateral development bank	-	-
Public sector entities	-	-
Bank	-	-
Corporate	3,241	325
Residential mortgage	-	-
Other	3,425	-
Total	6,666	325

17. CAPITAL ADEQUACY (Continued)

Operational risk capital requirement

	Implied risk weighted exposure $'000	Total operational risk capital requirement $'000
Operational risk	3,850	308

Market risk

Market risk exposures have been calculated in accordance with the methodology detailed in Part 10 of the RBNZ's BS2A Capital Adequacy framework, and schedule 9 of the Registered Bank Disclosure Statements (New Zealand Incorporated Registered Banks) Order 2014. Peak exposures are calculated using the Bank's shareholders equity at the end of the quarter.

	End-period capital charges		Peak end-of-day capital charges	
	Implied risk weighted exposure $'000	Aggregate capital charge $'000	Implied risk weighted exposure $'000	Aggregate capital charge $'000
Interest rate risk	2,025	162	2,025	162
Foreign currency risk	220	18	345	28
Equity risk	-	-	-	-
Total capital requirements	**2,640**	**211**	**2,657**	**212**

	Total exposure after credit risk mitigation $'000	Risk weighted exposure or implied risk weighted exposure $'000	Capital requirement $'000
Total credit risk + equity	82,019	32,657	2,613
Operational risk	n/a	3,850	308
Market risk	n/a	2,640	211
Total	**82,019**	**39,147**	**3,132**

Capital ratios

Unaudited 30 June 2015	Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio	Tier 1 capital ratio	Total capital ratio
Ratio	110.4%	110.4%	110.4%
Minimum ratio requirement	4.5%	6.0%	8.0%

Buffer ratios

Unaudited 30 June 2015	
Buffer ratio	102.40%
Buffer ratio requirement	2.5%

17. CAPITAL ADEQUACY (Continued)

Capital adequacy of Ultimate Parent Bank

The Ultimate Parent Bank of Bank of Baroda (New Zealand) Limited is BOB.

BOB is required by the Reserve Bank of India to hold minimum capital at least equal to that specified under the Basel II (standardised) approach. This information is made available to users via the BOB website (www.bankofbaroda.com).

As at 30 June 2015, BOB's Tier One Capital was 9.73% of Total Risk-weighted Assets and Total Capital was 12.74% of Total Risk-weighted Assets (31 March 2015: Tier One Capital was 10.14% of Total Risk-weighted Assets and Total Capital was 13.33% of Total Risk-weighted Assets). BOB's capital ratios during the periods ended 30 June 2015 and 31 March 2015 exceeded both of the Reserve Bank of India's minimum capital adequacy requirements.

18. OTHER MATERIAL MATTERS

There are no other matters relating to the business or affairs of the Bank, other than those contained in the financial statements that if disclosed, would materially affect the decision of a person to subscribe for debt securities of which the Bank is the issuer.